## Year 11 Foundation Combined Science 2023-2024

<u>Curriculum Intent</u> We believe that students deserve a broad and ambitious Science curriculum that enriches in skill and knowledge, which ignites curiosity and prepares them well for future learning or employment. Our curriculum is sequenced to build upon prior knowledge learnt from KS1, KS2 and KS3 and firmly embed the precise learning points that pupils need to succeed in their qualification and also to go on to further career success.

Term	Topic	Knowledge and Skills	Assessments	Careers	SMSC	SRE/ British Values	Literacy	Character Virtues
Autumn 1								
4 <sup>th</sup> September 11 <sup>th</sup> September 18 <sup>th</sup> September	Waves	Know how the properties of different waves make them suitable for their use in everyday life Dangers and hazards Waves carry energy from one place to another and can also carry information. RP- Standing wave and Ripple tank (See SOW for more detail)	Exit ticket for waves. (15 marks) All complete C1 paper from reteach lessons the week. (70 marks)	Designing comfortable and safe structures such as bridges, houses and music performance halls requires an understanding of mechanical waves.	See both sides and how it can improve your life. Cultural	BV- Individual liberties: Pupils have the right to work independently and make choices in a safe environment. Curiosity	Disciplinary knowledge to identify the difference between explain, describe and compare. Subject terminology must be used accurately and appropriately. Waves key tier 3 and tier 2 words with pictures	Resilience teamwork
25 <sup>th</sup> September 2 <sup>nd</sup> October	Chemical Analysis	C2- Understand methods used industry to identify what substances are made up of.	Knowledge retrieval Exit Ticket for Chemical Analysis - 15 marks	Topic linked to industry laboratory skills. Instrumental methods provide fast,	Spiritual- learning about scientific skills used to identify the world around them. Social- Working with others in a practical setting	BV- Democracy- pupils learn to work in groups and accept other's views	Tier 2 and Tier 3 words produced for topic Learning subject specific terminology	Wisdom, knowledge courage

<sup>\*</sup>Fridays - Will reteach or extend pupils on prior knowledge

9 <sup>th</sup> October 16 <sup>th</sup> October	Electromagnetism and Magnetism	RP- Chromatography  Electromagnetic effects are used in a wide variety of devices. That when current flows around a magnet it can produce movement.	Exit Ticket for Magnetism and Electromagnetism Complete Physics Paper 1	sensitive and accurate means of analysing chemicals Forensic scientists and drug control scientists rely Engineers make use of the fact that a magnet moving in a coil can produce electric current. Using the Flemmings rule for the motor effect	and realise they may have different ideas	The rule of law- health and safety in a lab.	that should be included in scientific methods.  Also writing in a logical way.  Tier 2 and Tier 3 key terms to be printed and glued in books	Resilience Teamwork Focus
		Half te	<mark>rm 23<sup>rd</sup> October -27<sup>th</sup></mark>					
AUTUMN 2								
30 <sup>th</sup>								
October								
7 <sup>th</sup> November 13 <sup>th</sup> November 20 <sup>th</sup> November	Ecology	Describe and carry out field work using different sampling techniques. Calculate sample size. Interpret and analyse data from sampling. Look at how ecosystems interact. Explain the impact of humans on the population. Learn about the recycling of carbon,	Knowledge Retrieval Questions - Exit Ticket- Ecology Marked by teacher. Pupils correct, teacher input and pupils given similar questions to demonstrate progress. P1 Paper 2021- give pupils a	Look at the role of a conservationist and investigating more sustainable ways to live.	Moral- Social- Cultural - Understand there are cultural issues that need to be considered when dealing with sustainability.	BV- Mutual Respect and Tolerance- Pupils have a right to learn about other cultures and must accept these cultures will have different views. Knowing this as scientists we inform using evidence about sustainability	Subject and disciplinary key terms Sample Representative Sustainability Key tier 3 and tier 2 words with pictures	Wisdom Humanity Justice

December    Nesources   Resources   Resources   Resources   Resources to manufacture useful products. In order to operate sustainably, chemists seek to minimise the use of limited resources, use of energy, waste and environmental impact in the manufacture of these products    Process of making waste water   Process of making waste water			nitrogen(decay) and water	chance to demonstrate retention							
The Earth's Resources	27 <sup>th</sup>				Mocks (B1, C	1 and P1)					
December   11th   December   12th   December   Resources   Resources to manufacture useful products. In order to operate sustainably, chemists seek to minimise the use of limited resources, use of energy, waste and environmental impact in the manufacture of these products   Process of making waste water   Process of making waste water   Retrieval resources in a sustainable way. Life cycle assessment   Use cy	November										
End of Term 18 <sup>th</sup> December-1 <sup>st</sup> January 2024  SPRING 1  2 <sup>nd</sup> January  15 <sup>th</sup> January  15 <sup>th</sup> January  22 <sup>nd</sup> January  15 <sup>nd</sup> January  15 <sup>nd</sup> January  15 <sup>nd</sup> January  22 <sup>nd</sup> January  15 <sup>nd</sup> January  20 <sup>nd</sup> January  15 <sup>nd</sup> January  20 <sup>nd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup> December 11 <sup>th</sup>			Earth's natural resources to manufacture useful products. In order to operate sustainably, chemists seek to minimise the use of limited resources, use of energy, waste and environmental impact in the manufacture of	Retrieval Exit ticket - Chemical	to use natural resources in a sustainable way.  Life cycle assessment  RP: Making potable water  Process of making	entitled to water	water is produced in a way that is safe. Mutual Respect- When considering life cycle assessment of	Tier 2 and Tier 3 words for topic to be glued into books		
2nd January  The Earth's Atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The causes of these changes are sometimes manmade and sometimes part of many natural cycles  Mocks (B2, C2, P2)  Moral Individual Liberty Democracy Mutual respect. When considering human affect on the atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The causes of the atmosphere will be analysis  Moral Individual Liberty Democracy Mutual respect. When considering human affect on the atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The causes of these changes are sometimes part of many natural cycles			End of Term	18 <sup>th</sup> December-1 <sup>st</sup>	January 2024						
15 <sup>th</sup> January  The Earth's atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The causes of these changes are sometimes manmade and sometimes part of many natural cycles  The Earth's atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The Earth's Atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The Earth's Atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The Earth's Atmosphere is dynamic and forever changes in atmosphere. Atmosphere  Analysing the changes in atmosphere. Monitoring pollutant levels and causes. Data analysis  Moral Individual Liberty Democracy words for the topics to be printed and placed in books and causes. Data analysis	SPRING 1				·						
January  Atmosphere is dynamic and forever changing. The Earth's Atmosphere  The causes of these changes are sometimes manmade and sometimes part of many natural cycles  Atmosphere  The Earth's changes in atmosphere.  Atmosphere  Atmo											
	15 <sup>th</sup> January 22 <sup>nd</sup> January  5 <sup>th</sup>	Atmosphere  Reteach based on	is dynamic and forever changing. The causes of these changes are sometimes manmade and sometimes part of	The Earth's	changes in atmosphere. Monitoring pollutant levels and causes.	Moral	Democracy Mutual respect. When considering human affect on	words for the topics to be printed and	Wisdom Humanity		
February assessment data Half term 12th February -16th February	rebruary	assessment duta	   Half term	   12 <sup>th</sup> February -16	o <sup>th</sup> Februarv						

19th									
February 26 <sup>th</sup> February 4	SPRING 2								
Seption   Sept	19 <sup>th</sup>								
February 4th March 1th Mar	February								
4 <sup>th</sup> March	26 <sup>th</sup>								
11 <sup>th</sup> March   18 <sup>th</sup> March   25 <sup>th</sup> April   22 <sup>nd</sup> April   22 <sup>nd</sup> April   22 <sup>nd</sup> April   29 <sup>th</sup> April   29 <sup>th</sup> May   Actual Exams   20 <sup>th</sup> May   20 <sup>th</sup> May	February								
18th March	4 <sup>th</sup> March								
End of Term 29 <sup>th</sup> March- 12 <sup>th</sup> April	11 <sup>th</sup> March								
End of Term 29 <sup>th</sup> March- 12 <sup>th</sup> April	18 <sup>th</sup> March								
SUMMER 1	25 <sup>th</sup> March								
15 <sup>th</sup> April			End of	Term 29 <sup>th</sup> March-	12th April				
22nd April	SUMMER 1				•				
22nd April	15 <sup>th</sup> April								
29 <sup>th</sup> April	22 <sup>nd</sup> April								
6 <sup>th</sup> May	29 <sup>th</sup> April								
13th May       Actual Exams	6 <sup>th</sup> May	Actual Exams							
20 <sup>th</sup> May	13 <sup>th</sup> May	Actual Exams							
Half Term 27th May-31st May           Summer 2           3rd June           10th June         <		Actual Exams							
Summer 2           3rd June	•								
10th June	Summer 2								
10th June	3 <sup>rd</sup> June								
17th June									
24th June       1st July       8th July	17 <sup>th</sup> June								
1st July 8 <sup>th</sup> July	24 <sup>th</sup> June								
8 <sup>th</sup> July									
	22 <sup>nd</sup> July								